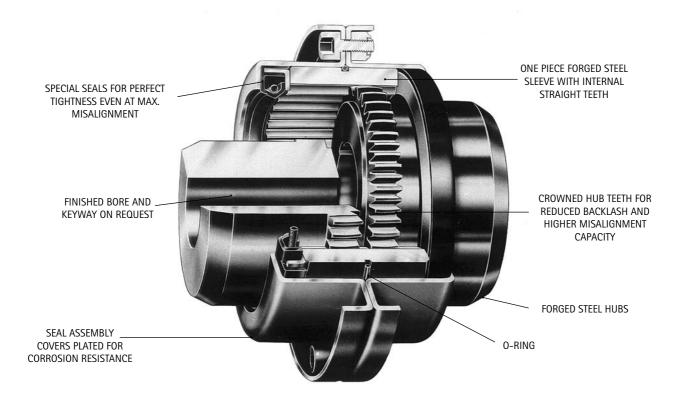
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### FLEXIBLE GEAR COUPLINGS

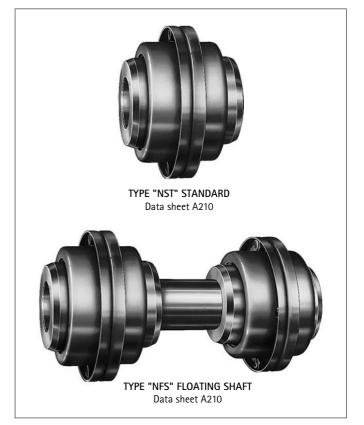
# **SERIES N** Maximum torque: up to 2 000 Nm — Bores: up to 65 mm



#### FEATURES

The ESCOGEAR couplings of the series N distinguish themselves by:

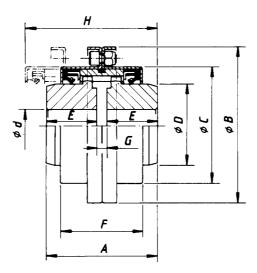
- maximum bores defined in function of standardized shaft diameters according to ISO and IEC.
- reduced outside dimensions and weights from which result very small axial load and thrust on the connected shafts.
- a sufficiently balanced coupling for the maximum indicated speeds, all the components being machined.
- easy installation no special tooling is required.
- an absolute reliability and minimum maintenance.
- a perfect homocinetic torque transmission.



NST 25 ⇒ 65

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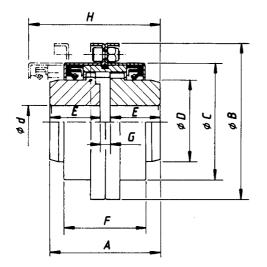




*∠*, max. 1,5°

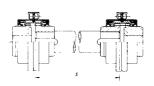
←A150			Type NST				
			50	25	38	45	65
Ø	max.	1	mm	25	38	45	65
	min.		mm	0	0	0	26
mN.	Tn	2	Nm	200	450	800	2000
01m ↓	Тр			400	900	1600	4000
/min.max.			tr/min omw/min rpm min <sup>-1</sup>	6300	4800	4100	3000
	<u>γ</u> α	-	degré graad degree grad	2x0,75	2x0,75	2x0,75	2x0,75
+		-	mm	0,1	0,11	0,13	0,15
- J (WR <sup>2</sup> )		4	kgm²	0,0004	0,0013	0,002	6 0,0102
¢		5	kg	0,85	1,81	2,97	7,23
Grease		6	dm³	0,01	0,02	0,03	0,05
	А		mm	58	75	95	135
	В		mm	76,5	94	109	134,5
	С		mm	57,5	74,5	86	111,5
mm: +	D		mm	40	54	64	89
<u>T</u>	E		mm	27	35	45	65
	F		mm	42	48	55	63
	G		mm	4	5	5	5
	Н	10	mm	70	85	105	135

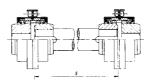
NFS 25 ⇒ 65











#### 🚈 max. 0,75°

←A150			Type NFS				
			25	38	45	65	
	Ø max.	- 1	mm	25	38	45	65
	Ø min.		mm	0	0	0	26
Tn			Nex	200	450	800	2000
<u>1m ↓</u>	Тр	2	Nm	400	900	1600	4000
/min.max.		3.3	tr/min omw/min rpm min <sup>-1</sup>				
α		-	degré graad degree grad	0,75	0,75	0,75	0,75
- J (WR <sup>2</sup> )		4	kgm²	0,0004	0,0013	0,0026	0,0102
¢		5	kg	0,85	1,81	2,97	7,23
Grease		6	dm³	0,01	0,02	0,03	0,05
	Α		mm	58	75	95	135
	В		mm	76,5	94	109	134,5
	С		mm	57,5	74,5	86	111,5
	D		mm	40	54	64	89
mm: ±	E		mm	27	35	45	65
	F		mm	42	48	55	63
	G		mm	4	5	5	5
	н	10	mm	70	85	105	135
(min)	S	8	mm	60	70	90	130





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### HOW TO SELECT THE RIGHT COUPLING SIZE

A. Select the size of ESCOGEAR coupling that will accommodate the largest shaft diameter.

**B.** Make sure this coupling has the required torque capacity according to following formula: torque in Nm =

9550 x P x F 🛛 x F 🕾

**P** = power in kW; **n** = speed in rpm; **F**<sub>u</sub> = service factor according to tabulation 1.

F 🐵 = 2 in case of use in potentionally explosive atmospheres 🐼 , European Directive 94/9/EC. In normal atmospheres, F 🚱 = 1.

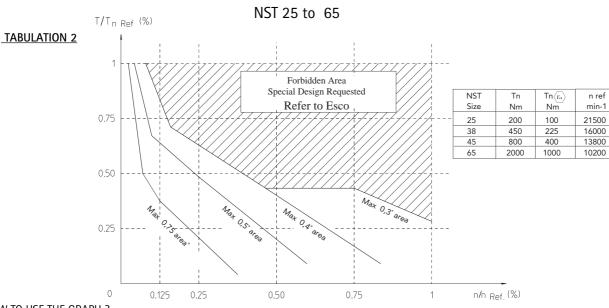
The coupling selected per (A) must have an equal or greater torque capacity than the result of the formula (B). If not select a larger size coupling. Check if application peak torque does not exceed tabulated peak torque Tp indicated planographs A210 and A211.

Check also max. allowable misalignment using the graph of tabulations 1 and 2.

C. Check if shaft/hub connection will transmit the torque. If necessary, select a longer hub.

**D.** Read carefully assembly and maintenance instructions IM.

			DRIVER MACHINE			
_	TABUL	ATION 1 APPLICATIONS	Electric motors Turbines	Hydraulic motors Gears drivers	Reciprocating engine Electric motors frequent starts	
NE	UNIFORM	Generators - Blowers: centrifugal vane, fans - Centrifugal pumps and compressors - Machine tools: auxiliary drives - Conveyors: belt and chain, uniformly loaded, escalators - Can filling machines and bottling machinery - Agitators: pure liquids.	0,8 to 1,25	Service factor F <sub>u</sub> 1 to 1,5	1,25 to 1,75	
		Propeller - Waterjet pumps	1,25	1,5	1,75	
DRIVEN MACHINE	MODERATE SHOCKS	Blowers: lobe - Pumps: gear and lobe types - Vane compressors - Machine tools: main drives - Conveyors: belt and chain not uniformly fed bucket and screw - Elevators, cranes, tackles and winches - Wire winding machines, reels, winders (paper industry) - Agitators liquids and solids, liquids variable density.	1,25 to 1,5	1,5 to 1,75	1,75 to 2	
DR	HEAVY SHOCKS	Generators (welding) - Reciprocating pumps and compressors - Laundry washers - Bending roll, punch press, tapping machines - Barkers, calanders, paper presses - Briquetter machines, cement furnace - Crushers: ore and stone, hammer mill, rubber mill - Metal mills: forming machines, table conveyors - Draw Bench, wire drawing and flattening machines - Road & railroad equipment.	1,5 to 2	1,75 to 2,25	2 to 2,5	



#### HOW TO USE THE GRAPH ?

Maximum torque, maximum speed and maximum misalignment may not occur simultaneously. Graph must be used as follows:

- 1. Calculate Tn and Tp and select coupling size as usual. Tn = nominal torque; Tp = peak torque
- 2. Calculate Tn/TnRef and n/nRef and plot the resulting point in the graph.
- 3. If the resulting point is located in the white area, a standard coupling may be used as far as maximum misalignment doesn't exceed the maximum misalignment indicated in the graph.
- 4. If the resulting point is located in the shaded area, refer to ESCO
- 5. In case of use in potentionally explosive atmospheres 🚱 , proceed the same way but using Tn Ref 🚱 for the calculation. Max misalignement may not exceed 0,5° per gear mesh.

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LEGE	ND OF USED PICTOGRAMS	Notes for series N		
d Ø nominal max.	MAXIMUM NOMINAL BORE (mm)	1 For key according to ISO R 773.		
d Ømin.	MINIMUM BORE (mm)	2 Gear maximum continuous transmissible torque for the tabulated mis-		
dØmax.	MAXIMUM BORE (mm)	alignment. The effective transmissible torque depends on the bore and		
_ Tn	MAXIMUM NOMINAL TORQUE (Nm)	shaft/hub connection. 3 Higher speed on special request.		
	MAXIMUM PEAK TORQUE (Nm)	<ul> <li>3.1 For grease withstanding centrifugal acceleration of 1.000g. See installation and maintenance manual IM.</li> </ul>		
/min.max.	MAXIMUM SPEED (rpm)	<ul> <li>3.2 For grease withstanding centrifugal acceleration of 2.000g. See installation and maintenance manual IM.</li> <li>3.3 Depends on S.</li> </ul>		
‡	MAXIMUM OFFSET (mm)	<ul> <li>3.4 For long operation in disconnected position contact us.</li> <li>4 For solid bore.</li> <li>4.1 Depends on S.</li> </ul>		
$\alpha$	MAXIMUM ANGULAR MISALIGNMENT (degree)	<ul> <li>4.2 For solid bore and S minimum.</li> <li>4.3 Per 100 mm spacer length.</li> <li>4.4 Depends on L and R.</li> <li>5 For pilot bored hubs.</li> <li>5.1 Depends on S.</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>5.1 Depends on 2.</li> <li>5.2 For pilot bored hubs and S minimum.</li> <li>5.3 Per 100 mm spacer length.</li> <li>5.4 Depends on L and R.</li> </ul>		
- J (WR <sup>2</sup> )	INERTIA (kgm²)	<ul> <li>6 See installation and maintenance manual IM.</li> <li>6.1 Depends on S. Values given for S maximum.</li> <li>7 On request. For larger S contact us.</li> </ul>		
¢	WEIGHT (kg)	<ul> <li>8 Values for S minimum. S maximum depends on torque and speed.</li> <li>9 G must remain constant during operation.</li> <li>10 Needed to control the alignment and inspect the gears.</li> </ul>		
Grease	GREASE QUANTITY (dm <sup>3</sup> )	* Max. torque, speed and misalignment tabulated values may not be cumulated. See IM/A200.		

